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REPORT FROM ASK/TRIANGLE

NP-1 SIRUKHARKA SYANGJA NEPAL



ost significant change/postcard

Khirmaya Gurung -53, NP-1, Sirukharka, Syangja joined the Triangle Support Project. Her life was very hard because of the big families (all together 10 members) and her husband has very little income so it was very difficult in obtaining food because of low income. She has frequently needs to knock on the door of the local moneylender. The traditional agriculture system has not been able to provide the enough food for this family, providing only 3 to 6 months of food sufficiency from their own production.

After joining the Triangle project, she obtained the NRs 10,000 through a village committee microloan without any interest, which she used to purchase 2 goats from the locality. After few months she was able to produce 3 male goat and gaining Nrs. 30,000.00 and Now she has 9 goats again. Her income is increasing steadily and she is not suffering from any type of financial crisis to handle the household economy and now she would like to thank Triangle/ASK and the donors who supported her and the village Sirukharka.

ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2073-074/JULY 2016 TO JUNE 2017





Progress Detail

1. Name of of vill	lage:						
NP-1 Sirukharka							
2. Period covered (Please Tick-√)							
2.1 Biannual report after SLP. What were the 2.2 Annual report					ort. Results of Triangle and VDC		
plans? () support? Villag				ers own initiatives $($			
3. Members of vi	illage committee						
3.1 Gender and S	Social Inclusion						
Men	Women	Dalit Janaj		ati	Other		
5	4	2		7		0	
3.2 Details of Vil	lage Committee						
Name of the Villa	age Committee Mem	bers			Position		
Dam BahadurGurung				ChairPerson			
Ne Bahadur Gurung				Vice Chairperson			
Ms. BabitaGurung				Secretary			
Ms. KalimayaGurung				Co-Secretary			
KumbhaBahadur Nepali				Treasure			
Ms. DhanmayaGurung				Member			
Lal BahadurGurung				Member			
Tika Bahadur Gurung				Member			
Ms. Narmata Nepali				Member			
4. Settlement level planning meeting							
4.1 When was the settlement level planning meeting held							
The actual settlement level planning was conducted in December 2015 for 2016 and December 2016 for							
Year 2017							
4.2 Total number of participants in the SLP meeting							
Men	Women	Dalit	Janaj		ati	Other	
22	12	11	26			0	
4.3 Facilitators for the settlement level planning							
The village committee plays the vital role for the organized the settlement level planning meeting in the							
village. Hari (ASK Nepal director), Deu Kumari Gurung, Lekhnath Paudel, Sharmila Paudel, Bhim							

Gurung, Hema Thapa (The facilitators) have facilitated the settlement level planning.





4.4 Priorities of the projects						
Name of Project	Total Score of Project (Out of 70 marks)	Priority	Potential Source of funding (Institution)			
Ripukhola, Hilekharka, Sirukharka Aurigau Moterable Road Construction	70	1	Center Govt			
Vegetable Farming (Tomato and Cauliflower) with Training	70	1	Triangle			
Libreary Establish in Jogisthan Secondary School	70	1	DDC			
Green House support fo Tomato farming	70	1	Triangle			
Bayarghari to Lunkhu Motor road Upgrading	70	1	Center Govt			
Jhakrebajho Darbot Small Irrigation	65	2	Municipality			
Brize Construction in Reepukhola Jogithum	60	3	Ilaka			
Sirukharka Darbot Small Irrigataion	60	3	Ilaka			
Purano Pandhera Repairing	60	3	Mother Group			
Goat raising and Poultry business promotion	60	3	Triangle			
Sewing and cutting in Sirukharka	51	4	Municipality			
School Repairing Deuralli Bhanjyang	51	4	DEO			
Training to Animal Keeping	42	5	DADO			
PHC ORC Construction Ripukhola	37	6	МоНР			
Naulekharka, Kamidanda to Tolkharka Foot trail Construction	37	6	Mother Group			
Community Building construction in Sirukharka	32	7	Municipality			
Ward Building Construction	29	8	Municipality			
Ghattekhola Deuralli Bhanjyang Foot Trail Construction	24	9	Mother Group			

DDC: District Development Committee,

DFO: District Forest Office

DEO: District Education Office

DADO: District Agriculture Development Officer

HOHP: Ministry of Health and Population

5. Activity Plan

5.1 Responsible for the implementation

The village committee plays the vital role to implement all activities, and after that the municipality's ward Secretary, the social mobilizer of ASK, the Municipality social mobilizer and the Triangle responsible person. Hari also supports in implementing and monitoring.

5.2 Any proposals submitted to the VDC or District and approved





- 4 projects were supported from government side (3 from municipality and 1 projects were supported from District and center:
- Hiledhara Sirukharka Rapakot road construction from DDC/Center
- Jhagadebanjho to Darbot irrigation
- Sirukharka Darbot Small Irrigataion
- Training to Animal Keeping

5.3 Villagers own initiative

The villagers have to contribute minimum 20% cash and in kind (unskilled labour) as per the rules of the government of Nepal for supported projects as the above, which was done. All committee members worked voluntarily.

5.4 Number of beneficiaries

5.4.1 For Income based activities

	Total Benefi	ited up to 20	16		Total Benef	ited only in	d only in 2016	
Dalit	Janajati	Other	Total	Dalit	Janajati	Other	Total	
11	24	0	35	3	6	0	9	

5.4.2 From other activities (development and awareness raising)

Only for 2016

Dalit	Janajati	Other	Total
NA	NA	NA	NA

6. How were beneficiaries selected?

After finishing the settlement level planning the village committees' members again organized the meeting and made the criteria for distribution of money. Generally the villagers followed priorities for the distribution of money used by LGCDP(Local Government Community Development Programme):

- Families with no or very little land
- Poor housing conditions
- Lack of food for the whole year
- Persons with labor-based livelihoods (for others)
- Uunemployed families
- No guarantee for settlement, etc
- Most earthquake affected persons (This year's priority)

7. Ongoing activities update, results of the activities

All planned activities were completed, which are described below:

All 75000.00 rupees invested for micro loan to women, poor and earthquake affected family's income generation and benefited 9 persons in different income base activities.





8. Doing Democracy training

From the relevant rubric: What did you learn from the training? Any improvements in the village because of the applied method? Any conflicts as a result of the activity? (Learning)

Public Social Audit: The people and the facilitators have learned that this is a necessary component to make the government and service provider accountable. We have trained the villagers, but the actual VDC Public Social Audit will take place later this year in the new context of restructure of federal state Nepal)

Community Score Cards: It is one of the most important components to improve the government service to the peoples and make better and accountable of the service provider. In the process, health posts will be targeted later this year.

Right to Information: Facilitators are developed and started to mobilization for public awareness.

Other methods (SLP): This is a very good and participatory method to know the planning system and the selection of most needed projects.

9. Micro finance update

9.1 Money collected in the fund for microloan

The fund for providing microloans has increased over the last five years. Apart from the 75,000 NRS from 2016, a sum of 292,000 paid back from previous years was added to make 367,000 NRS for distribution in 2016. The families, who got the micro loan for goat raising, small poultry business promotion, pig raising and vegetables farming in 2015 have successfully repaid loans amounting to 292,000 Nrs.

The 27 families who got the micro loan for goat raising, small poultry business promotion, pig raising and vegetables farming in 2015/016 have received a lot of benefits and extra money (Minimum Nrs 7000.00 to maximum Nrs 15,000.00) which was spent on dresses and books for their children, food and some clothes for the family. They feel that their livelihood is improving, and would therefore like to remember those who supported the village. The women, children and all the villagers' health and living situation has improved because of income generation activities and awareness. Now they are happy and give many many thanks to the supporters of their village with new concepts. People from the village are continuing their regular savings and credit in a sustainable way and almost all villagers are involved in the micro-credit group also. A lot of success has been achieved. For this report one of the most significant changes is the story that has been included in front page of this report.

9.2 Use of microloan and status

• 27 families got microloans amounting to Nrs 275000.00 (26 persons*Nrs 10000.00 and 1 person*Nrs 15000.00) and have started raising goats.





- 2 families got microloans amounting to Nrs 32000.00 (1 person*Nrs 22000.00 and 1 person*Nrs 10000.00) and started raising pigs.
- 5 families got microloans amounting to Nrs 50000.00 (5 person*Nrs 10000.00) and have started buffalo keeping.
- 1 family got a microloan of Nrs 10000.00 (1 person*Nrs 10000.00) and has started a bee keeping.
- Due to the bad road and the market problems people changed the Vegetable Farming (Tomato and Cauliflower) with Training and Green House support fo Tomato farming to goat raising.

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