

REPORT FROM ASK/TRIANGLE

NP-3 SALIKOSH

SYANGJA NEPAL

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Most significant change/postcard



The story is about Kamala Sunar (a dalit young women), NP-3, Salikosh Syangja; Inhabitant of salikosh village Syangja district. Kamala's family was ranked as poor family. In her family, there was no one to earn. They have only a few lands that are insufficient for food. She has no other way to earn. She seemed very tired seeing her household condition. In the mean time ASK-NEPAL, a NGO cooperating with Triangle implemented a program which called voluntary aid to Nepal for livelihood. Kamala has took a Nrs. 10000.00 loan committed to pay from the village committee. She used this microloan to purchase 100 chickens. After few months she was able to produce and sell these all chickens and gaining Nrs. 50,000.00. Now she has 150 chickens again. She is happy with this activity which is support her for better life with better income. There is no need to go to other house for wages works too. In the past other villagers used to neglect her but now everyone praise her. She want to give thanks to Triangle to bring her this happiness in her life.

ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT
FISCAL YEAR 2073-074/JULY 2016 TO JUNE 2017

Progress Detail

1. Name of of village:				
NP-3 Salikosh (Named: Mother Village)				
2. Period covered (Please Tick-√)				
2.1 Biannual report after SLP. What were the plans? ()		2.2 Annual report. Results of Triangle and VDC support? Villagers own initiatives (√)		
3. Members of village committee				
3.1 Gender and Social Inclusion				
Men	Women	Dalit	Janajati	Other
4	3	2	5	0
3.2 Details of Village Committee				
Name of the Village Committee Members			Position	
Ms Shushila Gurung			Chair Person	
Ms Tanmaya Gurung			Vice Chair person	
Jitman Gurung			Secretary	
Tikaram Sunar			Treasure	
Suk Bahadur Gurung			Member	
Fatta Bahadur Gurung			Member	
Amrita Sunar			Member	
4. Settlement level planning meeting				
4.1 When was the settlement level planning meeting held				
The actual settlement level planning was conducted in December 2015 for 2016 and December 2016 for Year 2017				
4.2 Total number of participants in the SLP meeting				
Men	Women	Dalit	Janajati	Other
22	33	12	42	1
4.3 Facilitators for the settlement level planning				
The village committee plays the vital role for the organized the settlement level planning meeting in the village. Hari (ASK Nepal director), Deu Kumari Gurung, Lekhnath Paudel, Sharmila Paudel, Bhim Gurung, Hema Thapa (The facilitators) have facilitated the settlement level planning.				
4.4 Priorities of the projects				
Name of Project	Total Score of Project (Out of 70 marks)	Priority	Potential Source of funding (Institution)	
Seasonal and Off seasonal Vegetables farming	70	1	Municipality	
Salikosh Jhakrithan Drinking Water Repairing	70	1	Center Govt	
Mushroom Farming	70	1	Triangle	

Goat raising	70	1	Triangle
Jhakrithan to Salikosh Cannel construction for Irrigation	70	1	Center Govt
Bayarghari-fedi-salikosh-syanabhanjyan - bhorle motorable road construction	65	2	Center Govt
Public Secondary school and fedi drinking water skim	65	2	DDC
Small poultry business promotion	60	3	Triangle
Janakalyan child club sports materials support	60	3	Municipality
Bayarghari Dhapuk Lunkhu motor able road repairing	60	3	Center Govt
Bag making training	56	4	Municipality
Community forest plantation	55	5	DFO
Salikosh -Dhapuk foot trail construction	55	5	Municipality
Ward building construction	46	6	Municipality
Pragatishil primary school compounding	46	6	Municipality
Toilet construction in CAC	42	7	Illaka
Fedi Bhujel Language conservation	41	8	Municipality

DDC: District Development Committee,
DFO: District Forest Office
DEO: District Education Office
DADO: District Agriculture Development Officer
HOHP: Ministry of Health and Population

5. Activity Plan

5.1 Responsible for the implementation

The village committee plays the vital role to implement all activities, and after that the municipality's ward Secretary, the social mobilizer of ASK, the Municipality social mobilizer and the Triangle responsible person. Hari also supports in implementing and monitoring.

5.2 Any proposals submitted to the VDC or District and approved

3 projects were supported from government side (2 from municipality and 1 projects were supported from District and center:

- Seasonal and Off seasonal Vegetables farming
- Janakalyan child club sports materials support
- Bayarghari-fedi-salikosh-syanabhanjyan - bhorle motor able road construction

5.3 Villagers own initiative

The villagers have to contribute minimum 20% cash and in kind (unskilled labor) as per the rules of the government of Nepal for supported projects as the above, which was done. All committee members worked voluntarily.

5.4 Number of beneficiaries							
5.4.1 For Income based activities							
Total Benefited up to 2016				Total Benefited only in 2016			
Dalit	Janajati	Other	Total	Dalit	Janajati	Other	Total
19	19	0	38	6	8	0	14
5.4.2 From other activities (development and awareness raising)							
Only for 2016							
Dalit		Janajati		Other		Total	
NA		NA		NA		NA	
6. How were beneficiaries selected?							
<p>After finishing the settlement level planning the village committees' members again organized the meeting and made the criteria for distribution of money. Generally the villagers followed priorities for the distribution of money used by LGCDP(Local Government Community Development Programme):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Families with no or very little land • Poor housing conditions • Lack of food for the whole year • Persons with labor-based livelihoods (for others) • Unemployed families • No guarantee for settlement, etc • Most earthquake affected persons (This year's priority) 							
7. Ongoing activities update, results of the activities							
<p>All planned activities were completed, which are described below: All 75000.00 rupees invested for micro loan to women, poor and earthquake affected family's income generation and benefited 14 persons in different income base activities.</p>							
8. Doing Democracy training							
From the relevant rubric: What did you learn from the training? Any improvements in the village because of the applied method? Any conflicts as a result of the activity? (Learning)							
<p>Public Social Audit: The people and the facilitators have learned that this is a necessary component to make the government and service provider accountable. We have trained the villagers, but the actual VDC Public Social Audit will take place later this year in the new context of restructure of federal state Nepal)</p> <p>Community Score Cards: It is one of the most important components to improve the government service to the peoples and make better and accountable of the service provider. In the process, health posts will be targeted later this year.</p>							

Right to Information: Facilitators are developed and started to mobilization for public awareness.

Other methods (SLP): This is a very good and participatory method to know the planning system and the selection of most needed projects.

9. Micro finance update

9.1 Money collected in the fund for microloan

The fund for providing microloans has increased over the last five years. Apart from the 75,000 NRS from 2016, a sum of 240,000 paid back from previous years was added to make 315,000.00 NRS for distribution in 2016. The families, who got the micro loan for goat raising, small poultry business promotion, bee keeping in 2015 have successfully repaid loans amounting to 240,000 Nrs.

From the repaid money Nrs 5000.00 in bank deposit and Nrs 310,000.00 has been mobilized to the microloan.

The 26 families who got the micro loan for goat raising, small poultry business promotion and bee keeping in 2015/016 have received a lot of benefits and extra money (Minimum Nrs 5000.00 to maximum Nrs 22,000.00) which was spent on dresses and books for their children, food and some clothes for the family. They feel that their livelihood is improving, and would therefore like to remember those who supported the village. The women, children and all the villagers' health and living situation have improved because of income generation activities and awareness. Now they are happy and give many many thanks to the supporters of their village with new concepts. People from the village are continuing their regular savings and credit in a sustainable way and almost all villagers are involved in the micro-credit group also. A lot of success has been achieved. For this report one of the most significant changes is the story that has been included in section 9.

9.2 Use of microloan and status

- 25 families got microloans amounting to Nrs 200000.00 (25 persons*Nrs 8000.00) and have started raising goats.
- 8 families got a microloan of Nrs 95000.00 (8 persons*Nrs 11875.00) and has started a small poultry business.
- 5 families got microloans amounting to Nrs 15000.00 (5 person*Nrs 3000.00) and started mushroom farming.

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